EPL646 – Advanced Topics in Databases ChromaDB [&] Overview of Transaction Management

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Chroma DB installation

- On your machine
 - You will need a full installation of Python
 - Cannot use the portable installation shown in Lab 2
 - Go to https://python.org
 - Select the appropriate version for your system, download and install it
 - You will need the Microsoft C++ Build Tools
 - You can download them from: <u>https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/visual-cpp-build-tools/</u>
 - It will need around 7GB of space!
 - Check this link for instructions: <u>https://learn.microsoft.com/en-</u> us/answers/questions/136595/error-microsoft-visual-c-14-0-or-greater-is-requir

Chroma DB installation

- In our linux labs
 - Create a new virtual environment (venv) for python
 - Use the command: python3 -m venv epl646env
 - epl646env is the directory in which the virtual environment will be created
 - Start the venv
 - Use the command: source epl646env/bin/activate
 - To close the venv use the command: deactivate
 - Install Pandas, Dask and Parquet
 - Use the command: pip install pandas dask pyarrow
 - Install chromaDB
 - Use the command: pip install chromadb

Fixing the inbstallation

- Our labs have an incompatible version of SQLite for Chroma DB so we need to fix this
 - Install the pysqlite3-binary with the command: pip install pysqlite3-binary
 - Then in any python program you want to use Chroma DB add the following lines at the top:

```
import__('pysqlite3')
import sys
sys.modules['sqlite3'] = sys.modules.pop('pysqlite3')
```

Practice

- Run the code found in slide 14 of lecture 5b
- Do the same for the code in slide 17 of lecture 5b
 - You must change the line:

```
client =
```

chromadb.Client(Settings(chroma_db_impl="duckdb+parq uet", persist_directory=".chroma/my-db"))

- This is deprecated and no longer works!
- Instead use:

```
client =
```

```
chromadb.PersistentClient(path="./chroma_db")
```

- Also use function get_or_create_collection() instead of create_collection()
- Do not forget to add the fix for SQLite!

Exercise 16.1

(Exercise 16.1) Give brief answers to the following questions:

- a. What is a transaction? In what ways is it different from an ordinary program (in a language such as C)?
- b. Define these terms: atomicity, consistency, isolation, durability, schedule, blind write, dirty read, unrepeatable read, serializable schedule, recoverable schedule.

Exercise 16.2

• (Exercise 16.2) Consider the following actions taken by transaction T 1 on database objects X and Y :

R(X), W(X), R(Y), W(Y)

a. Give an example of another transaction T_2 that, if run concurrently to transaction T with-out some form of concurrency control, could interfere with T_1 .

Exercise 16.3

(Exercise 16.3) Consider a database with objects X and Y and assume that there are two transactions T_1 and T_2 . Transaction T_1 reads objects X and Y and then writes object X. Transaction T_2 reads objects X and Y and then writes objects X and Y.

- a. Give an example schedule with actions of transactions T_1 and T_2 on objects X and Y that results in a write-read conflict.
- b. Give an example schedule with actions of transactions T_1 and T_2 on objects X and Y that results in a read-write conflict.
- c. Give an example schedule with actions of transactions T_1 and T_2 on objects X and Y that results in a write-write conflict.

Questions?

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